



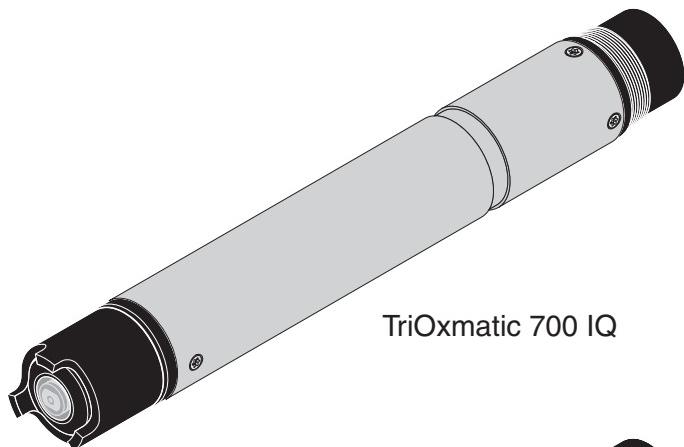
WE KNOW™
D.O.

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Operating manual

IQ SENSOR NET

TriOxmatic® 700 IQ (SW)



IQ SENSOR NET D.O. sensor



Note

For the most recent version of the manual, please visit www.ysi.com.

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1 Overview

1.1 How to use this component operating manual

Structure of the IQ SENSOR NET operating manual

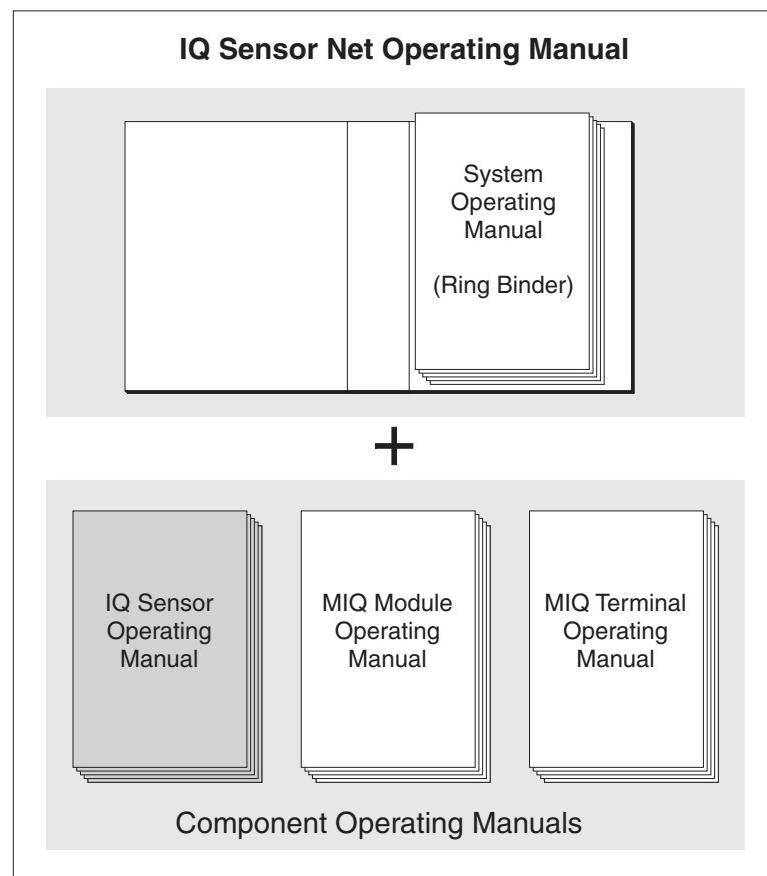


Fig. 1-1 Structure of the IQ SENSOR NET operating manual

The IQ SENSOR NET operating manual has a modular structure like the IQ SENSOR NET system itself. It consists of a system operating manual and the operating manuals of all the components used.

Please file these component operating manuals into the ring binder of the system operating manual.

1.2 Structure of the TriOxmatic® 700 IQ (SW)

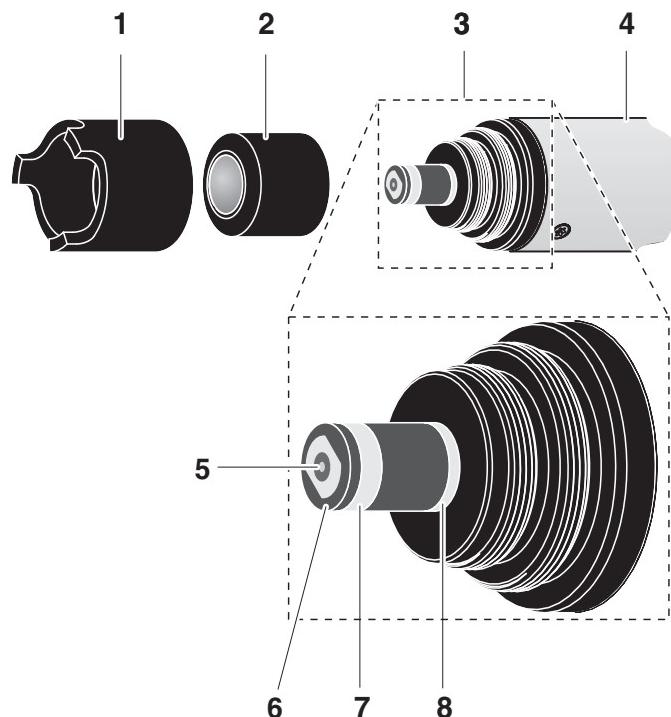


Fig. 1-2 Structure of the D. O. sensor (example: TriOxmatic® 700 IQ)

1	Protective hood
2	WP 600 membrane cap
3	Electrode unit
4	Shaft

Electrode unit:

5	Gold working electrode (cathode)
6	Insulator
7	Silver counter electrode (anode)
8	Reference electrode

1.3 Recommended fields of application

TriOxmatic® 700 IQ Stationary measurements in water/wastewater applications.

TriOxmatic® 700 IQ SW Stationary measurements in seawater, aquaculture.

2 Safety

This component operating manual contains special instructions that must be followed during the operation of the TriOxmatic® 700 IQ (SW) D.O. sensor. Thus, it is essential to read this component operating manual before carrying out any work using this sensor. In addition to this manual, the SAFETY chapter of the IQ SENSOR NET system operating manual must be followed.

Always keep this component operating manual together with the system operating manual and any other component operating manuals in the vicinity of the IQ SENSOR NET system.

Special user qualifications

The D.O. sensor was developed for applications in online measurement - essentially in wastewater treatment plants. Thus, we assume that the operators are familiar with the necessary precautions to take when dealing with chemicals as a result of their professional training and experience.

General safety instructions

Safety instructions in this operating manual can be recognized by the warning symbol (triangle) in the left column. The signal word (e. g. "Caution") indicates the level of the danger:



Other labels



Note

indicates notes that draw your attention to special features.



Note

indicates cross-references to other documents, e.g. operating manuals.

2.1 Authorized use

The authorized use of the TriOxmatic® 700 IQ (SW) comprises its use as a D.O. sensor in the IQ SENSOR NET.

The technical specifications according to chapter 7 TECHNICAL DATA must be observed. Only operation according to the instructions in this operating manual is authorized.

Any other use is considered to be **unauthorized**. Unauthorized use invalidates any claims with regard to the guarantee.

Caution

Only connect and operate the sensor together with IQ SENSOR NET accessories.



2.2 General safety instructions

The sensor left the factory in a safe and secure technical condition.

Function and operational safety

The failure-free function and operational safety of the sensor is only guaranteed if the generally applicable safety measures and the special safety instructions in this operating manual are followed during its use.

The failure-free function and operational safety of the sensor is only guaranteed under the environmental conditions that are specified in chapter 7 TECHNICAL DATA.

The specified temperature (chapter 7 TECHNICAL DATA) must be maintained during the operation and transport of the sensor. Protect the sensor, particularly against frost or overheating.

Caution

The sensor may only be opened by specialists authorized by YSI. The only exceptions to this are the activities described in chapter 5 MAINTENANCE, CLEANING, DISPOSAL, AND REPLACEMENT.



Safe operation

If safe operation is no longer possible, the sensor must be taken out of operation and secured against inadvertent operation.

Safe operation is no longer possible if the sensor:

- has been damaged in transport
- has been stored under adverse conditions for a lengthy period of time
- is visibly damaged
- no longer operates as described in this manual.

If you are in any doubt, contact the supplier of your sensor.

Obligations of the operator

The operator of the sensor must ensure that the following rules and regulations are followed when dealing with hazardous substances:

- EEC directives for protective labor legislation
- National protective labor legislation
- Safety regulations
- Safety data sheets of the chemical manufacturer.

3 Commissioning

3.1 Scope of delivery

- TriOxmatic® 700 IQ (SW)
- ZBK 600 accessory kit
- The sensor is filled with electrolyte and provided with a protective hood and protective caps.
- Operating manual.

3.2 Installation

Connection cable

A sensor connection cable of the SACIQ or SACIQ SW type is required to connect the sensor. The cable is available in different lengths. Compared to the standard model SACIQ, the SACIQ SW sensor connection cable is optimized regarding its corrosion resistance in seawater and brackish water and adapted for use in conjunction with the TriOxmatic® 700 IQ SW. Information on this and other IQ SENSOR NET accessories is given in the YSI catalog and on the Internet.



Are the plug connections dry?

How to connect the SACIQ (SW) sensor connection cable to the terminal strip of an MIQ module is described in chapter 3 INSTALLATION of the IQ SENSOR NET system operating manual.

Before connecting the sensor and sensor connection cable, please make sure that the plug connections are dry. If moisture gets into the plug connections, first dry the plug connections (dab them dry or blow them dry using compressed air).



Minimum approach flow

The minimum required approach flow at the sensor must be present during measurement (see chapter 7 TECHNICAL DATA). The minimum approach flow can, e.g. be present due to:

- natural movement of the water (flow rate, sea disturbance)
- turbulence in the activated sludge basin.

**Connecting the sensor
to the sensor
connection cable**

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | Take the protective caps off the plug connections of the sensor and the SACIQ (SW) sensor connection cable and keep them safe. |
| 2 | Plug the jack of the SACIQ (SW) sensor connection cable onto the plug head connector of the sensor. At the same time, rotate the socket so that the pin in the plug head connector (1) clicks into one of the two holes in the jack. |
| 3 | Then, screw the coupling ring (2) of the sensor connection cable onto the sensor up to the stop. |

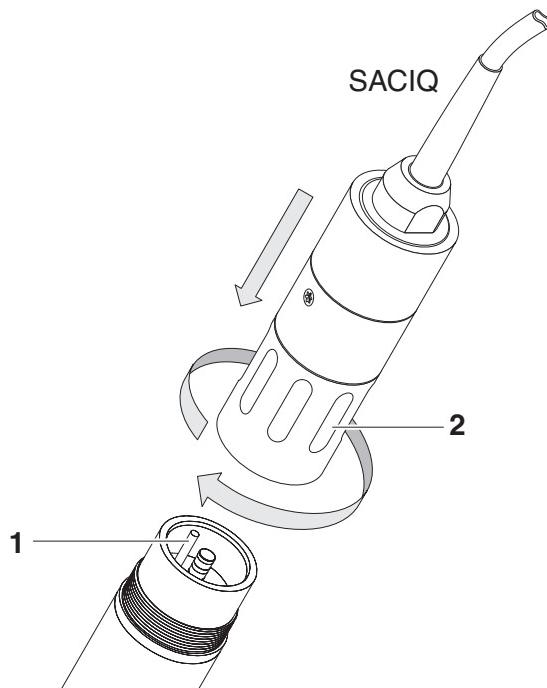


Fig. 3-1 Connecting the sensor

3.3 Commissioning / Getting the instrument ready for measuring

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | Pull the protective cap off the protective hood of the sensor. |
| 2 | Leave the sensor to lie in the air for at least 60 minutes while it is switched on (polarization). |

Note



For the sensor to polarize, the following conditions must be fulfilled:

- The sensor is connected with the IQ SENSOR NET system via the SACIQ (SW) sensor connection cable.
- The IQ SENSOR NET system is in operation
- The sensor has been identified by the IQ SENSOR NET system.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 3 | If required, assign a user-defined name to the sensor (see relevant IQ SENSOR NET system operating manual). |
| 4 | Set the sensor (see section 3.4). |
| 5 | Calibrate the sensor (see section 4.2 CALIBRATION). |

Note



Both sensor variants, TriOxmatic 700® IQ and TriOxmatic® 700 IQ SW, run under the designation *TriOxmatic700IQ* in the IQ SENSOR NET software.

Precision measurements

Recommendation: In order to carry out precision measurements, leave the sensor to polarize for a longer period of time, e.g. overnight, and recalibrate it the following day.

3.4 TriOxmatic® 700 IQ (SW) setting table

Setting	Selection/values	Explanation
<i>Measuring mode</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● <i>Concentration</i> ● <i>Saturation</i> 	Unit of the measured value on the measured value display.
<i>Measuring range Concentration</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 0 ... 60.0 mg/l ● 0 ... 60.0 ppm 	These measuring ranges are available for selection.
<i>Measuring range Saturation</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 0 ... 600 % 	The measuring range is set permanently.
<i>Calibration</i> (software version 2.21 or higher)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● <i>valid</i> ● <i>invalid</i> ● <i>last valid</i> ● <i>active</i> ● <i>abort</i> 	<p>Displays and determines which calibration data the measured value calculation is based on. The active calibration is displayed in the calibration history (see section 4.2.3).</p> <p><i>valid</i> indicates that a valid calibration is available. The value cannot be changed.</p> <p><i>invalid</i> is displayed if the last calibration is invalid and the sensor is blocked for measurement. In this case, you can switch to the values of the <i>last valid</i> calibration, provided a valid calibration is available in the sensor. Thus you activate the last valid calibration stored in the sensor the next time you exit the setting table with <i>Save and quit</i>. The next time the setting table is opened, <i>valid</i> is displayed.</p> <p><i>active</i> indicates that the sensor is being calibrated. If <i>Cancel</i> is selected, the active calibration procedure is canceled as soon as the setting table is exited with <i>Save and quit</i>.</p>
<i>Temperature mode</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● °C ● °F 	Unit of the measured temperature value (Celsius, Fahrenheit).
<i>Salinity</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● <i>On</i> ● <i>Off</i> 	Determines whether the entered salinity should be taken into account.

<i>Salinity input</i>	2.0 ... 70.0	The entry of the salinity enables a salt content correction that compensates for the effect of salt contents > 0.1 % on the oxygen measurement. The salt content correction is recommended for measurements in salt-contaminated wastewater (salinity ≥ 2.0 corresponding to a conductivity of ≥ 3.4 mS/cm at a reference temperature $T_{REF} = 20$ °C).
<i>Temp. adjustment</i>	-1.5 K ... +1.5 K	The temperature compensation enables the tolerances of the temperature sensor to be balanced (shifting of the zero point by ± 1.5 K). Notes: <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Due to the thermal capacity of the sensor, it is necessary to place it in a container with at least 2 liters of water.● Leave the sensor in this container for at least 15 minutes while stirring occasionally until the balancing can be performed. For temperature differences between the water and sensor > 10 °C, leave the sensor for at least 1 hour in this container while stirring occasionally until the balancing can be performed.
<i>Save and quit</i>		The system confirms the saving of the settings and the display switches to the next higher level.
<i>Quit</i>		The display switches to the next higher level without saving the new settings.

Carrying out settings

Using , switch from the measured value display to the main menu of the settings. Then navigate to the setting menu (setting table) of the sensor. The exact procedure is given in the relevant IQ SENSOR NET system operating manual.

4 Measuring / Operation

4.1 Measuring



Warning

Contact with the sample can lead to danger to the user!
Depending on the type of sample, suitable protective measures must be taken (protective clothing, protective goggles, etc.).

For measuring submerge the operable sensor in the test sample. The measured value is available immediately on submersing.

4.2 Calibration

4.2.1 General information on calibration

Why calibrate?

During the operation of a D.O. sensor, the slope of the D.O. sensor changes with time. The calibration procedure determines the current slope of the sensor.

When to calibrate?

Calibrate before measuring and at regular intervals (depending on the application).

Calibration procedure

Ideally, calibration takes place in water vapor-saturated air. To do so, position the sensor approx. 2 cm above a water surface, for example in a narrow bucket or similar container with water.

In the case of air temperatures under 5 °C we recommend to calibrate not in air but in air-saturated water that has a higher temperature. You obtain air-saturated water by pouring water several times in and out of two vessels so that it sparkles.

**Note**

For calibration the membrane always has to be clean, for calibration in air it has to be dry. Clean contaminated sensors before calibration (see section 5.2 CLEANING THE SENSOR SHAFT AND MEMBRANE).

Calibration record / calibration history

The result of a calibration is stored in the calibration record and calibration history respectively and can be viewed afterwards (see respective IQ SENSOR NET system operating manual).

Maintenance condition

During calibration the sensor is in the so-called maintenance condition. This means all linked outputs retain their momentary state. After finishing calibration the maintenance condition has to be switched off manually. For more detailed information on the maintenance condition please refer to the respective IQ SENSOR NET system operating manual.

General course of a calibration on the IQ SENSOR NET

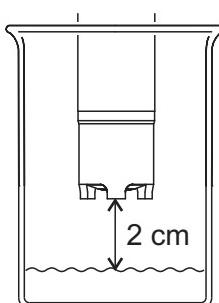
Generally, calibration on the IQ SENSOR NET is carried out as follows. System specific details are given in the respective IQ SENSOR NET system operating manual.

- 1 Switch to the measured value display with **(M)** and select the sensor to be calibrated.
- 2 Call up calibration with **(C)**.
The next step switches on the maintenance condition for the sensor. A corresponding note appears on the display.
- 3 Confirm the note with **(OK)**.
The maintenance condition is active.
The menu-guided calibration routine starts.
Follow the instructions on the display.
After the calibration routine is finished, the measured value display appears again (the measured value flashes because the sensor is still in the maintenance condition).
- 4 If the calibration was successful, bring the sensor into the measuring position.
- 5 Wait for a stable measured value.
- 6 Switch off the maintenance condition.

4.2.2 Calibration in water vapor-saturated air

- 1 If necessary, clean the sensor and membrane and dry the membrane (see section 5.2 CLEANING THE SENSOR SHAFT AND MEMBRANE).
- 2 Start calibration and follow the instruction on the display until the instruction *Bring sensor into calibrating position* appears.

Calibrating position



- 3** Bring the sensor into the calibrating position.
To do so, position the sensor approx. 2 cm above a water surface, best in a narrow bucket or similar container with water. When doing so, no liquid should be brought on the membrane.

**Note**

Up to this point, you can break off the calibration procedure at any time with the key. The system continues to work with the old calibration data. However, you have to switch off the maintenance condition in any case.

After starting the determination of calibration data with the key (step 4), you cannot break off the calibration any more.

- | | |
|----------|--|
| 4 | Continue with . |
| | The calibration data is automatically determined and documented in the calibration record. |
| 5 | Complete the calibration procedure according to the instructions on the display. |

**Note**

In the case of air temperatures under 5 °C do not calibrate the sensor in air but in air-saturated water that has a higher temperature. You obtain air-saturated water by pouring water several times in and out of two vessels so that it sparkles.

Then immerse the sensor in a vessel with air-saturated water (calibrating position) and calibrate as described above.

Possible results of the calibration

The calibration data are evaluated by the system. A calibration can have the following results:

Display after the calibration	Log book entries (meaning/actions)
Measured value display	Sensor was successfully calibrated. For the calibration data, see the calibration history.
"----"	Sensor could not be calibrated. Sensor blocked for measurement. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Service the sensor immediately (see operating manual). – View the calibration history. – Check the calibration conditions and calibration standard.

**Calibration history
(available in the
IQ SENSOR NET
system 2020 XT only)**

HIQ/T2020	15 Aug 2007	14:11	?	A	①
Calibration history of selected sensor					330
S03 TriOxmatic700IQ 01341000					
Date	Relative slope				
03.08.2007	1.13		o.k.		
15.08.2007	0.77		Error		
03.08.2007	1.13		o.k.		
11.07.2007	1.14		o.k.		
20.06.2007	1.05		o.k.		
05.05.2007	1.09		o.k.		
Range of tolerance 0.60 ... 1.20					
Return ESC					

Fig. 4-1 Calibration history TriOxmatic® 700 IQ (SW)

The calibration history contains the following information:

- Date of the calibration
- Relative Slope (dimensionless)
- Rating of the calibration:
 - *o.k.*: Calibration was successful.
The new calibration values are used for the measurements.
 - *Error*: Calibration was not successful.
The Sensor is blocked for measurement.

4.2.4 Reactivation of the last valid calibration

The TriOxmatic® 700 IQ (SW) enables you to reactivate the last valid calibration when needed. Thereby, it is possible to continue with measurements, when a calibration failed or it is assumed that optimal calibration conditions were not met.

Note

The reactivation of former calibration data is only a temporary solution. Please consider, that thereby possibly wrong measurement values are produced. Please check correct functioning of the sensor by performing a function check and/ or a user calibration.



Reactivating the last valid calibration data

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | Open the the setting table (see section 3.4). |
| 2 | Choose in the menue item <i>Calibration</i> the setting <i>last valid</i> and quit the setting table afterwards with <i>Save and quit</i> . |

4.3 Function check

The function check is the simplest way of letting you know whether the sensor needs to be cleaned and calibrated.



Note

The function check can either be performed in water vapor-saturated air or in air-saturated water.

In the case of air temperatures under 5 °C we recommend to perform the function check not in air but in air-saturated water that has a higher temperature.

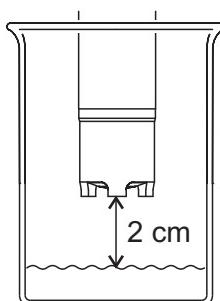


Note

The function check is carried out in the measuring mode, % saturation. When switching to the measuring mode % saturation, information on linked outputs is lost.

Function check in water vapor-saturated air

- 1 Take the sensor out of the measuring solution and position it approx. 2 cm above a water surface, best in a narrow bucket or similar container with water. When doing so, no liquid should be brought on the membrane.



- 2 Wait at least 15 minutes for the temperature to adapt.
- 3 In the sensor setting table, select the measuring mode *Saturation* (unit %) and switch to the measured value display with **(M)**.
- 4 Read the measured value and determine whether it lies within the range of precision required by the user.



Note

If there are large temperature differences between the sample and the air above the surface of the water, a balancing period of more than 15 minutes may be required.

Measured values within the required precision

If the measured value lies within the range of precision required by the user, no cleaning or recalibrating is necessary.

Example:

Required precision 5 %.

Measured value in air: 97 % saturation (nominal value: 100%)

⇒ No cleaning or recalibration is necessary as the measurement error lies within the range of precision required by the user.

Measured values outside the required precision

If the measured value lies outside the range of precision required by the user, clean the sensor shaft and membrane (see section 5.2) and calibrate the sensor (see section 4.2).

**Note**

In the case of air temperatures under 5 °C do not perform the function check in air but in air-saturated water that has a higher temperature. You obtain air-saturated water by pouring water several times in and out of two vessels so that it sparkles.

Then submerge the sensor in a vessel with air-saturated water and perform the function check as described above.

5 Maintenance, cleaning, disposal, and replacement

5.1 General maintenance instructions



Maintenance condition

Warning

Contact with the sample can lead to danger to the user!

Depending on the type of sample, suitable protective measures must be taken (protective clothing, protective goggles, etc.).

We recommend to switch on the maintenance condition each time before removing the sensor from its measuring position. This avoids unintended reactions of linked outputs. For more detailed information on the maintenance condition please refer to the respective IQ SENSOR NET system operating manual.

When to unscrew the sensor from the connection cable?

To clean the outside of the sensor (section 5.2) and to replace the electrolyte solution and membrane head (section 5.3), we recommend to leave the sensor connected to the sensor connection cable. Otherwise, moisture and/or dirt can get into the plug connection where they can cause contact problems. If you wish to disconnect the sensor from the sensor connection cable, note the points described below.

For the cleaning of the electrodes (section 5.4) the sensor must be unscrewed from the sensor connection cable to prevent any damage. Observe the following points for this:

- Before disconnecting the sensor from the SACIQ (SW) sensor connection cable, remove any larger pieces of contamination from the sensor, particularly in the area of the plug connection (brush it off in a bucket of tapwater, wash it off with a hose or wipe it off with a cloth).
- Unscrew the sensor from the SACIQ (SW) sensor connection cable.
- Place a protective cap on the sensor plug head connector and on the SACIQ (SW) sensor connection cable each time so that no moisture or dirt can get on the contacting surfaces.
- In corrosive environments close the dry socket of the sensor connection cable with the SACIQ-Plug protective screw cap in order to protect the electrical contacts from corrosion. The protective cap is available as an accessory (see section 5.8 MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT AND REPLACEMENT PARTS). It is included in the standard scope of delivery of the SACIQ SW sensor connection cable.
- Connect the sensor with the SACIQ (SW) sensor connection cable again before polarization.

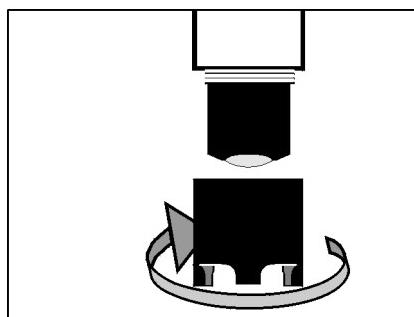
5.2 Cleaning the sensor shaft and membrane

For normal operation (e.g. municipal wastewater), cleaning and calibration are strongly recommended:

- in the case of pollution (according to visual check)
- in the case of suspected incorrect measured values (usually too low)
- if the measured value lies outside the range of precision required by the user during the function check.

Cleaning agents	Contamination	Cleaning agents
	For sludge and loosely adhering dirt, or biological deposits	Soft cloth or soft sponge, warm tapwater with detergent
	Salt and / or lime deposits	Acetic acid (volume percentage = 20 %), soft cloth or soft sponge

Cleaning	
1	Pull the sensor out of the sample.
2	Get rid of any coarse contamination on the sensor (e.g. brush it off in a bucket of tapwater, wash it down with a hose or wash it off with a cloth).
3	Unscrew the protective hood from the sensor.



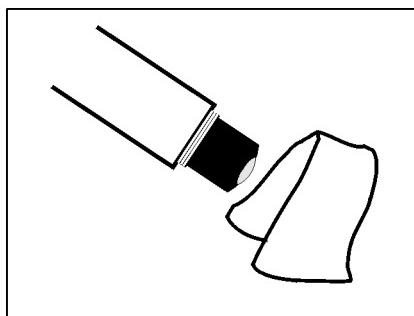
Caution

Acetic acid irritates the eyes and the skin. When handling acetic acid, always wear protective gloves and protective goggles.



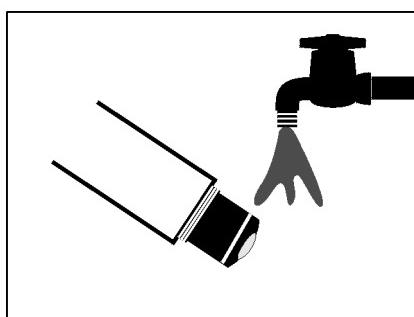
**Caution****Clean the membrane very carefully!****Make sure the membrane is not damaged, e.g. by sharp-edged objects, by laying it on sharp stones, etc.**

4

Carefully clean the sensor shaft and membrane as specified in the CLEANING AGENTS section.

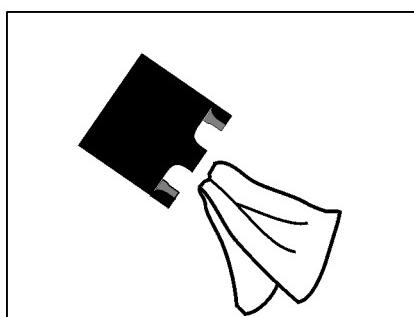
5

Then, rinse it thoroughly with tapwater.



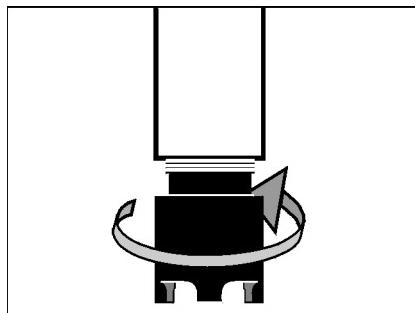
6

Also clean and rinse the protective hood.

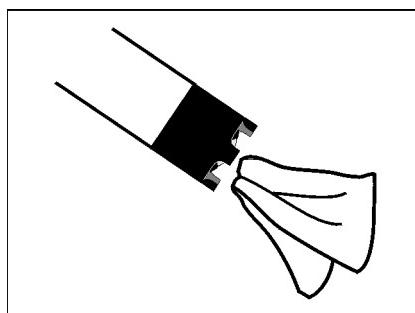


7

Screw the protective hood back on again.



- 8 If necessary, carefully dry the membrane with a lint-free paper towel.



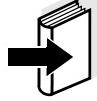
- 9 Recalibrate the sensor (see section 4.2 CALIBRATION).

5.3 Changing the electrolyte and membrane cap

YSI delivers the sensor ready for operation. The electrolyte solution and membrane cap must only be replaced if:

- the membrane is heavily contaminated and a calibration error occurs
(log book message)
- the membrane is damaged
(log book message)
- the electrolyte solution is depleted or the counter electrode is poisoned
(log book message)
- after the gold working electrode and silver counter electrode have been cleaned

Note



Information on the contents and structure of the log book and how you can call it up is given in the LOG BOOK chapter of the IQ SENSOR NET system operating manual.

Note



Unscrew the membrane cap for maintenance purposes only. After doing so, always use a new membrane cap!

Changing the electrolyte and membrane cap

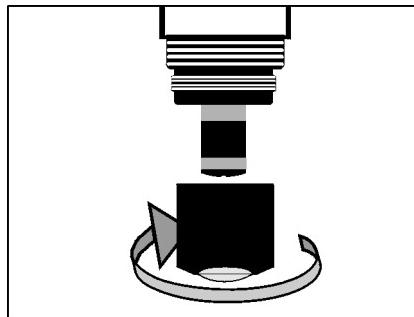
1	Pull the sensor out of the sample.
2	Get rid of any coarse contamination on the sensor (e.g. brush it off in a bucket of tapwater, wash it down with a hose or wash it off with a cloth).
3	Unscrew the protective hood from the sensor.



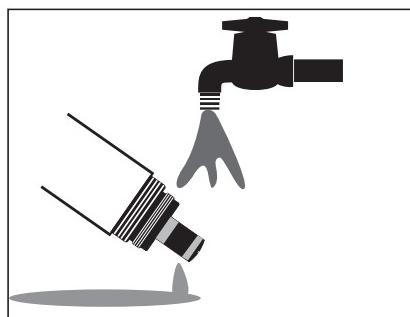
Caution

The ELY/A electrolyte solution irritates eyes, skin and mucus membranes. If it comes into contact with the eyes, rinse thoroughly with water and consult a doctor! During working activities, always wear suitable protective gloves and protective goggles/face shield! Follow the safety datasheet.

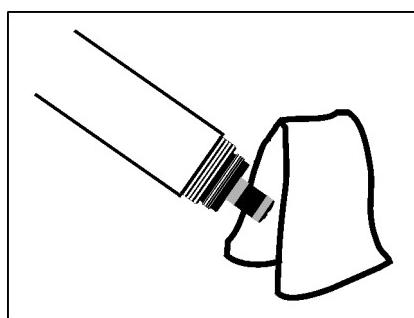
- 4 Unscrew the membrane cap (for disposal of membrane cap and electrolyte solution, see section 5.7).



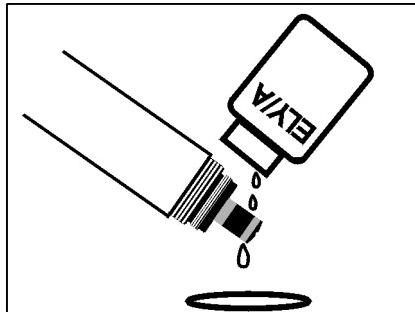
- 5 Rinse the sensor head with tapwater.



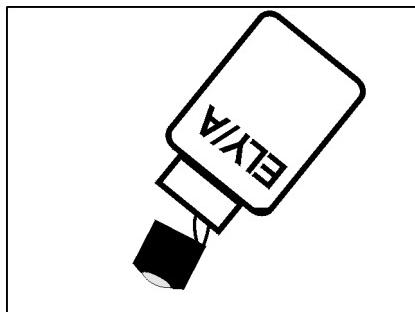
- 6 Carefully rub the silver counter electrode with a paper towel and rinse it with deionized water.



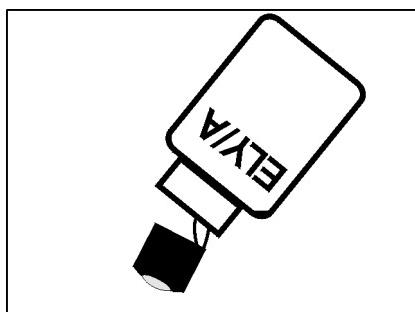
- 7 Thoroughly rinse the sensor head with electrolyte solution.



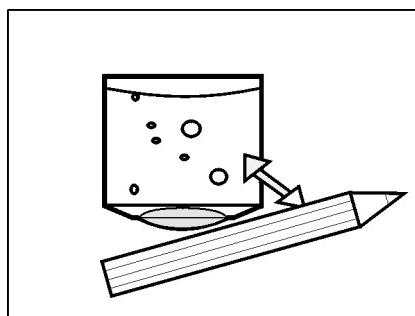
- 8 Fill a new WP 600 membrane cap with ELY/A electrolyte solution
(see section 5.8 MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT AND REPLACEMENT PARTS).



- 9 Throw away the first filling and fill the membrane cap once more with electrolyte solution.



- 10 Remove any air bubbles by carefully tapping the membrane cap.

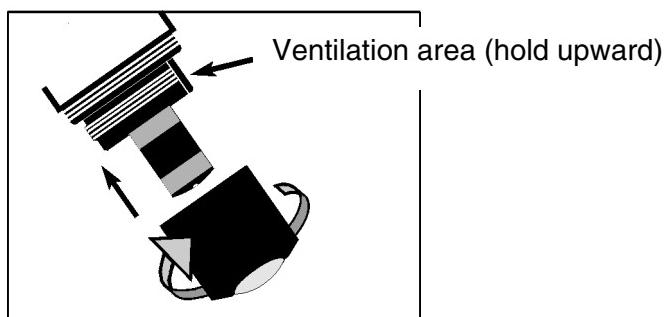


Caution



The ELY/A electrolyte solution irritates eyes, skin and mucus membranes. If it comes into contact with the eyes, rinse thoroughly with water and consult a doctor! During working activities, always wear suitable protective gloves and protective goggles/face shield! Follow the safety datasheet.

- 11 Screw the membrane cap onto the shaft while holding the sensor at an angle. Excess electrolyte solution is forced out of the ventilation area.



- 12 The filling should be free of air bubbles as far as possible. However, small air bubbles do not cause any interference.



- 13 After approx. 60 minutes polarization time, the sensor is ready for operation.

- 14 Recalibrate the sensor (see section 4.2 CALIBRATION).

Precision measurements

Recommendation: In order to carry out precision measurements, leave the sensor to polarize for a longer period of time, e.g. overnight, and recalibrate it the following day.

**Note**

In the following cases, you must refill the sensor once more:

- If there are large air bubbles
- If there are air bubbles on the gold working electrode
- For measurements at high water pressure, even if small air bubbles are present. Otherwise, the membrane and, as a result, the measuring characteristics could change.
- If the sensor cannot be calibrated.

5.4 Cleaning the electrodes

The counter electrode and reference electrode always show a coloration. This is necessary for the operation of the sensor. This is not contamination. Cleaning is only required in cases of slopes that are too small or too large (the sensor cannot then be calibrated) that cannot be resolved by changing the membrane cap and electrolyte solution.

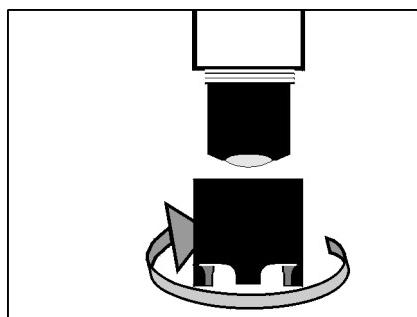


Caution

To clean the electrodes, always unscrew the sensor from the SACIQ (SW) sensor connection cable. Otherwise, undesirable electrochemical reactions can occur that may lead to the destruction of the sensor.

Preparatory activities

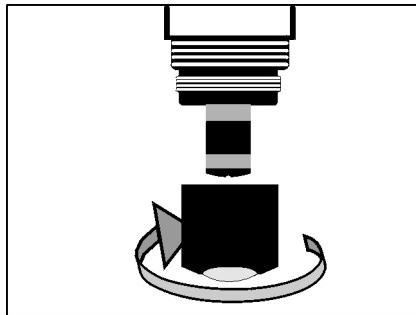
- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | Pull the sensor out of the sample and remove any coarse contamination from the sensor (e.g. brush it off in a bucket of tapwater, wash it down with a hose or wash it off with a cloth). |
| 2 | Unscrew the sensor from the SACIQ (SW) sensor connection cable (see section 5.1 GENERAL MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS). |
| 3 | Unscrew the protective hood from the sensor. |



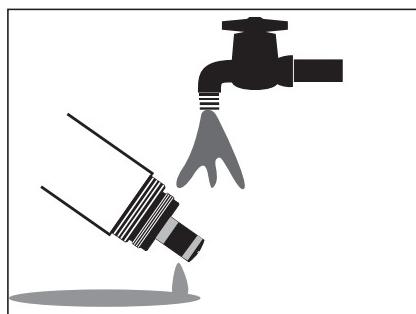
**Caution**

The ELY/A electrolyte solution irritates eyes, skin and mucus membranes. If it comes into contact with the eyes, rinse thoroughly with water and consult a doctor! During working activities, always wear suitable protective gloves and protective goggles/face shield! Follow the safety datasheet.

- 4 | Unscrew the membrane cap (for disposal of membrane cap and electrolyte solution, see section 5.7).

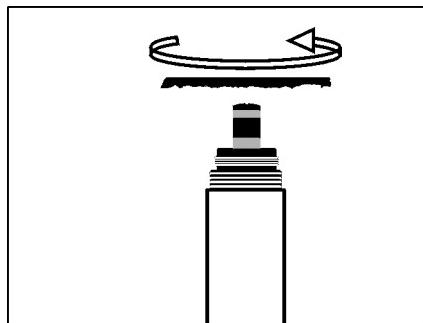


- 5 | Rinse the sensor head with tapwater.



5.4.1 Cleaning the gold working electrode

- 1 Moisten the gold working electrode and the SF 300 polishing strip (see section 5.8 MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT AND REPLACEMENT PARTS) with deionized water.
- 2 Using the rough side of the **wet** SF 300 polishing strip, polish off any contamination from the gold working electrode using light pressure.

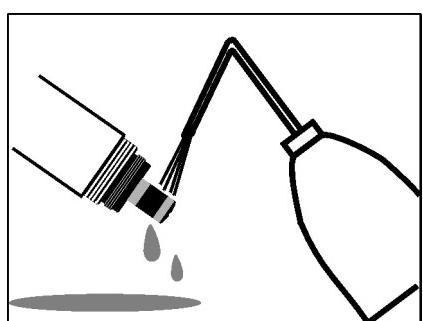


Caution

Do not use any conventional sandpaper or glass-fiber brushes. They could damage the electrode.



- 3 Rinse the sensor head with deionized water.



Note



Cleaning the gold working electrode may already be sufficient to enable the sensor to be calibrated again. For safety, however, we recommend to also clean the silver counter electrode (see section 5.4.2) and to use a new membrane cap afterwards.

5.4.2 Cleaning the silver counter electrode

We recommend to clean the silver counter electrode with the RA 600 cleaning attachment that is available as an accessory (see section 5.8 MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT AND REPLACEMENT PARTS). This prevents the reference electrode from coming into contact with the cleaning solution. However, it is also possible to clean the silver counter electrode in a beaker.

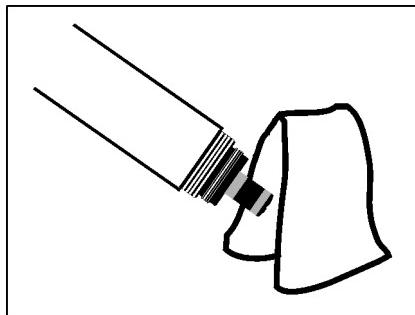


Caution

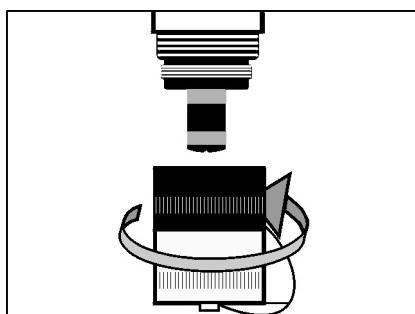
The reference electrode must not come into contact with the cleaning solution under any circumstances. This could destroy the reference electrode and cause the sensor to become defective. However, no danger can arise if the RA 600 is used correctly.

Cleaning the silver counter electrode with the RA 600 cleaning attachment

- 1 Wipe the silver counter electrode with a lint free paper towel and carefully remove any loose deposits.



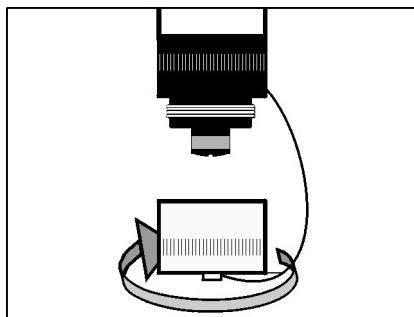
- 2 Screw the cleaning attachment onto the sensor, instead of the membrane cap.



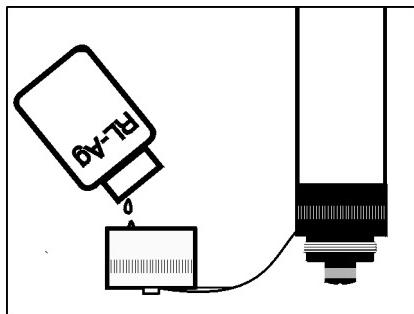
Caution

Never grease or lubricate the inner O-ring in the RA 600 cleaning attachment!

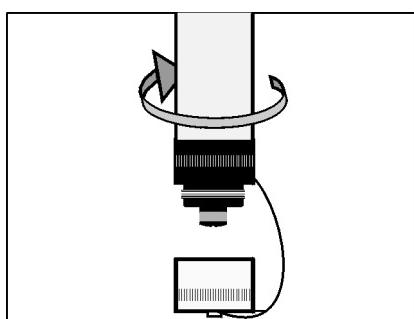
- 3 Remove the screw cap from the safety cap of the cleaning attachment.



- 4 Fill the screw cap with RL-AG/Oxi cleaning solution (see section 5.8 MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT AND REPLACEMENT PARTS).

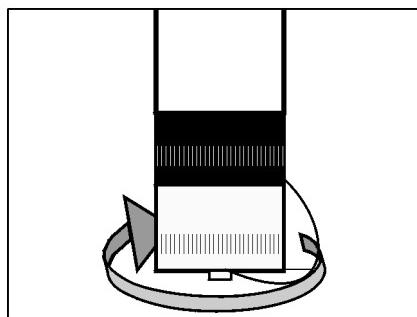


- 5 Screw the sensor with the safety cap onto the screw cap.

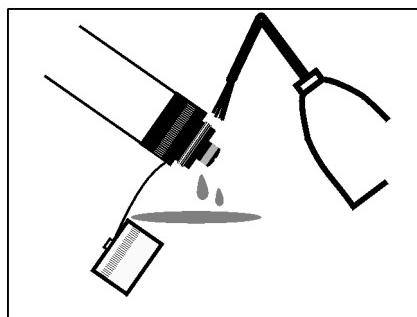


- 6 Leave the cleaning solution for a maximum of 1 hour to take effect.

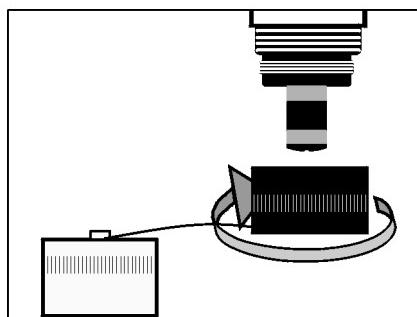
7 | Unscrew the screw cap.



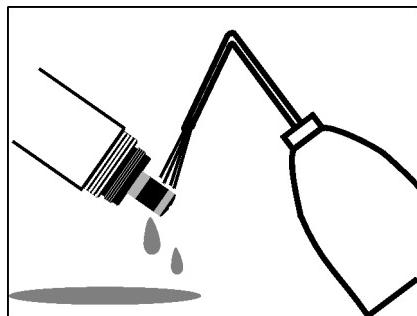
8 | Thoroughly rinse the electrode unit with the safety cap on with deionized water.



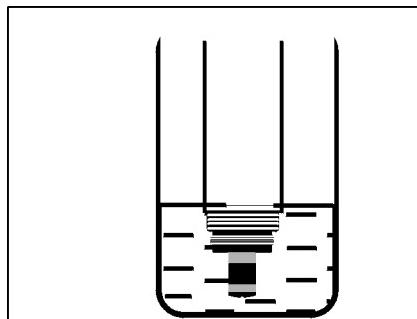
9 | Unscrew the safety cap.



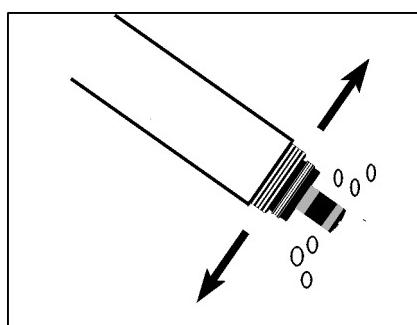
- 10 Rinse the sensor head and electrode unit several times with deionized water.



- 11 Water the sensor head and electrode unit in deionized water for at least an hour.



- 12 Carefully shake off the drops of water.



- 13 Fill a new WP 600 membrane cap and screw it on (see section 5.3 CHANGING THE ELECTROLYTE AND MEMBRANE CAP).

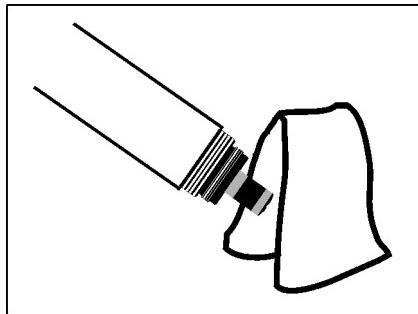
- 14 Connect the sensor to the sensor connection cable.

- 15 After approx. 60 minutes, the sensor is ready for operation.

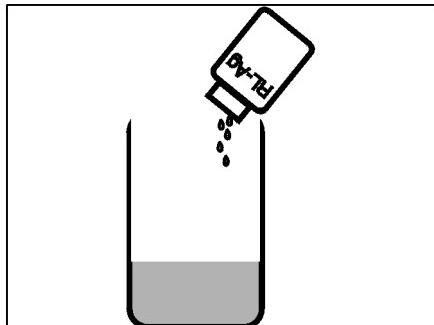
16 | Recalibrate the sensor (see section 4.2 CALIBRATION).

Cleaning the silver counter electrode in a beaker

- 1 | Wipe the silver counter electrode with a lint free paper towel and carefully remove any loose deposits.



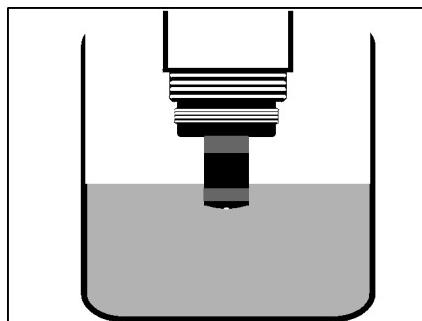
- 2 | Fill a beaker (150 ml, high-sided form) with approx. 25 ml RL-AG/Oxi cleaning solution.



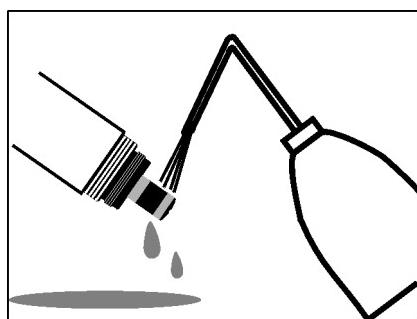
Caution

The reference electrode must not come into contact with the cleaning solution under any circumstances. This could destroy the reference electrode and cause the sensor to become defective.

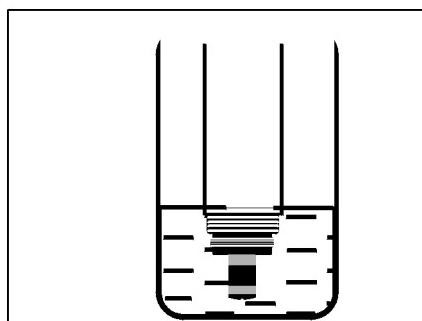
- 3 Clamp the sensor in a stand.
Submerge the electrode unit in the RL-AG/Oxi cleaning solution to just above the silver counter electrode.



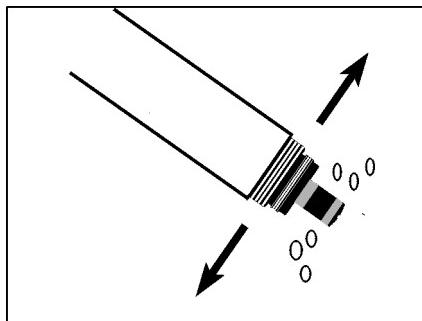
- 4 Leave the cleaning solution to work for 1 hour.
- 5 Rinse the sensor head and electrode unit several times with deionized water.



- 6 Water the sensor head and electrode unit in deionized water for at least an hour.



- 7 Carefully shake off the drops of water.



- | | |
|----|---|
| 8 | Fill a new WP 600 membrane cap and screw it on (see section 5.3 CHANGING THE ELECTROLYTE AND MEMBRANE CAP). |
| 9 | Connect the sensor to the sensor connection cable. |
| 10 | After approx. 60 minutes polarization time, the sensor is ready for operation. |
| 11 | Recalibrate the sensor (see section 4.2 CALIBRATION). |



5.5 Checking the sensor for freedom from zero-current

The sensor is zero-current free. Therefore, calibration of the sensor in oxygen-free solution is not provided.

However, it is possible to check the freedom from zero-current according to DIN EN 25814/ISO 5814. This is advisable if there is any suspicion of a malfunction.

Test solution

1 g/l aqueous sodium sulfite solution, Na_2SO_3
(addition of 1 mg/l of a cobalt(II) salt accelerates the removal of oxygen from the solution.)



The sensor should be in operation for at least 1 hour before the inspection.

Test procedure

1	Clean the sensor (see section 5.2 CLEANING THE SENSOR SHAFT AND MEMBRANE).
2	In the sensor setting table, select the measuring mode <i>Saturation</i> (unit %) and switch to the measured value display with (M).
3	Submerge the sensor in the test solution.
4	Leave the sensor in the test solution for an hour.
5	Read the measured value.



Test criterion

The sensor is OK if < 2 % oxygen saturation is displayed as the measured value.

If the measured value is > 2 %:

- Clean the gold working electrode (see section 5.4.1 CLEANING THE GOLD WORKING ELECTRODE) and change the electrolyte and membrane cap (see section 5.3 CHANGING THE ELECTROLYTE AND MEMBRANE CAP).
- If necessary, also clean the silver counter electrode (see section 5.4.2 CLEANING THE SILVER COUNTER ELECTRODE).

5.6 Storage

Store the clean and dry sensor with its protective cap in place. Observe the allowed temperature range (see chapter 7 TECHNICAL DATA); the sensor may be stored in any position.

5.7 Disposal

We recommend to dispose of the sensor without the membrane cap as electronic refuse.



Caution

The ELY/A electrolyte solution irritates eyes, skin and mucus membranes. If it comes into contact with the eyes, rinse thoroughly with water and consult a doctor! During working activities, always wear suitable protective gloves and protective goggles/face shield! Follow the safety datasheet.

Disposal of the membrane cap

1	Before disposing of the membrane cap, unscrew it and rinse with water.
2	Dispose of the membrane cap in the household refuse.



Note

To dispose of the chemicals, follow the corresponding safety datasheets. The safety datasheets can be obtained from YSI.

5.8 Maintenance equipment and replacement parts

Description	Model	Order no.
Accessory kit (2 replacement membrane caps, 50 ml electrolyte solution, 50 ml cleaning solution, polishing film)	ZBK 600	202 620Y
Replacement membrane caps (2 pieces)	WP 600/2	202 850Y
Electrolyte solution (1 bottle x 50 ml)	ELY/A	205 212Y
Cleaning solution for silver counter electrode (1 bottle x 50 ml)	RL-Ag/Oxi	205 200Y
Polishing film	SF 300	203 680Y
Cleaning attachment for cleaning the counter electrode	RA 600	202 510Y
Protective screw cap for sensor connection cable	SACIQ-Plug	480 065Y



Note

Information on other IQ SENSOR NET accessories is given in the YSI catalog and on the Internet.

6 What to do if...

The sensor is in the air and the display shows 0.0 mg/l or 0 % O₂	Cause	Remedy
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – No electrolyte in the membrane cap 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Change the WP 600 membrane cap (see section 5.3)
The sensor cannot be calibrated	Cause	Remedy
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Contaminated membrane cap 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Clean the outside of the sensor (according to operating manual), wait at least 15 minutes and recalibrate it. – In the case of contamination that cannot be removed: Exchange the membrane cap and electrolyte.
If the sensor still cannot be calibrated after changing the electrolyte and membrane cap	Cause	Remedy
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Contaminated electrodes or sensor toxification 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Clean the electrodes (see section 5.4)
Mechanical damage to the sensor	Cause	Remedy
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Return the sensor
Measured values too low	Cause	Remedy
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Membrane contaminated – Sensor has not been calibrated for a long time 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Clean the outside of the sensor, then recalibrate (see section 5.2 and section 4.2)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Membrane does not fit snugly on the gold working electrode 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Change the membrane cap, then recalibrate (see section 5.3 and section 4.2)

Measured value fluctuating heavily	Cause	Remedy
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">– Membrane cap loose	<ul style="list-style-type: none">– Screw the membrane cap tight
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">– Membrane does not fit snugly on the gold working electrode	<ul style="list-style-type: none">– Change the membrane cap, then recalibrate (see section 5.3 and section 4.2)
Measured values too high	Cause	Remedy
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">– Sensor not yet completely polarized	<ul style="list-style-type: none">– Wait for complete polarization (at least 1 hour)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">– Sensor has not been calibrated for a long time	<ul style="list-style-type: none">– Clean the outside of the sensor, then recalibrate (section 5.2 and section 4.2)
Incorrect temperature display	Cause	Remedy
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">– Temperature sensor defective	<ul style="list-style-type: none">– Return the sensor

7 Technical data

7.1 Measurement characteristics

Measuring principle	Membrane-covered amperometric sensor with potentiostatically operated 3-electrode system; Integrated microprocessor electronics, shielded 2-wire connection for power and data transmission.		
Electrolyte	ELY/A		
Measuring ranges and resolutions	Measuring mode	Measuring range	Resolution
	D. O. concentration	0.0 ... 60.0 mg/l	0.1 mg/l
	D. O. saturation	0 ... 600 % (≈ 0 ... 1200 mbar pO ₂)	1 %
Temperature compensation	IMT (integrated membrane temperature compensation)		
Measurement in water	According to solubility function DIN 408 / Part 22		
Measurement in salt-contaminated wastewater	Salinity input from 2.0 ... 70.0; corresponds to 3.4 mS/cm ... 86.2 mS/cm at T _{REF} 20 °C (salinity measurement in the range 2 ... 42 according to IOT = International Oceanographic Tables)		
Polarization time	In the case of re-commissioning or change of electrolyte	At least 60 minutes	
	In the case of short polarization interruptions (depending on the duration of the interruption)	15 to 60 minutes	
Temperature measurement	Temperature sensor	integrated NTC	
	Measuring range	- 5 °C ... + 60 °C (23 ... 140 °F)	
	Accuracy	± 0.5 K	
	Resolution	0.1 K	
Calibration procedure,	Air calibration		

Air pressure compensation	Automatically	With IQ SENSOR NET systems with air pressure measurement (option)
	Manually	By entering the air pressure or location altitude

7.2 Application characteristics

Allowed temperature range	Measuring medium	0 °C ... + 60 °C (32 ... 140 °F)
	Storage/transport	- 5 °C ... + 65 °C (23 ... 149 °F)
Allowed pH range of the test sample	4 ... 12	
Pressure resistance	Sensor with connected SACIQ (SW) sensor connection cable: Max. allowed overpressure	
	10 ⁶ Pa (10 bar)	
	The sensor meets all requirements according to article 3(3) of 97/23/EC ("pressure equipment directive").	
Type of protection	Sensor with connected SACIQ (SW) sensor connection cable: IP 68, 10 bar (10 ⁶ Pa)	
Immersion depth	min. 10 cm; max. 100 m depth	
Operating position	Any, if the minimum approach flow is guaranteed	
Approach flow	≥ 5 cm/s (at 1 % measurement accuracy)	

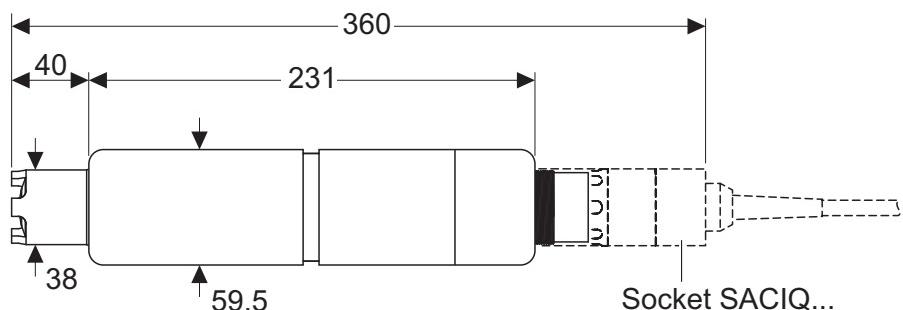
7.3 General data

Dimensions

TriOxmatic 700 IQ:



TriOxmatic 700 IQ SW:



Weight (without sensor connection cable)

TriOxmatic® 700 IQ	approx. 660 g
TriOxmatic® 700 IQ SW	approx. 1170 g

Connection technique

Connection via SACIQ (SW) sensor connection cable

Material

Shaft:	
– TriOxmatic® 700 IQ	V4A stainless steel 1.4571
– TriOxmatic® 700 IQ SW	POM
Membrane cap	POM
Membrane	ETFE, robust (thickness 50 µm)
Sensor head	POM
Insulator	PEEK
Plug head connector housing	POM
Plug, 3-pole	ETFE (blue) Tefzel®
Protective hood	POM

Automatic sensor monitoring (SensCheck function)	TriOxmatic® 700 IQ	TriOxmatic® 700 IQ SW
SensReg (electrolyte solution depleted)	Yes	Yes
SensLeck (membrane cap leaking)	Yes	No *

* Note: The leak recognition can be selected in the setting table of the *Sensor monitoring* relay function but the function is not active.

Instrument safety	Applicable norms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – EN 61010-1 – UL 3111-1 – CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 1010.1
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7.4 Electrical data

Nominal voltage	Max. 24VDC via the IQ SENSOR NET (for more details, see chapter TECHNICAL DATA of the IQ SENSOR NET system operating manual)
Power consumption	0.2 W
Protective class	III

7.5 Characteristic data on delivery

Zero signal	< 0.2 % of the saturation value
Response time at 25 °C	t_{90} (90 % of the final value display after) < 180 s
Own consumption	0.0059 $\mu\text{g h}^{-1}$ (mg/l) $^{-1}$ at 20 °C
Drift	< 1 % per month during permanent polarization

Working life per electrolyte filling	D. O. concentration	Theoretical electrolyte reserve
Air saturation		approx. 5 years
< 2 mg/l		approx. 25 years

8 Contact Information

8.1 Ordering & Technical Support

Telephone: (800) 897-4151
(937) 767-7241
Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM ET

Fax: (937) 767-1058

Email: environmental@ysi.com

Mail: YSI Incorporated
1725 Brannum Lane
Yellow Springs, OH 45387
USA

Internet: www.ysi.com

When placing an order please have the following information available:

YSI account number (if available)	Name and Phone Number
Model number or brief description	Billing and shipping address
Quantity	Purchase Order or Credit Card

8.2 Service Information

YSI has authorized service centers throughout the United States and Internationally. For the nearest service center information, please visit www.ysi.com and click 'Support' or contact YSI Technical Support directly at 800-897-4151.

When returning a product for service, include the Product Return form with cleaning certification. The form must be completely filled out for an YSI Service Center to accept the instrument for service. The Product Return form may be downloaded at www.ysi.com and clicking on the 'Support' tab.

9 Indexes

9.1 Explanation of the messages

This chapter contains a list of all the message codes and related message texts that can occur in the log book of the IQ SENSOR NET system for the TriOxmatic® 700 IQ (SW) sensor.

**Note**

Information on the contents and structure of the log book, and how to call it up, is given in the LOG BOOK chapter of the IQ SENSOR NET system operating manual.

**Note**

All message codes of the TriOxmatic® 700 IQ (SW) end up with "331".

9.1.1 Error messages

Message code**Message text**

EA1331

Meas. range exceeded or undercut
* Check process
* Select other meas. range

EA2331

Sensor temperature too high!
* Check process and application

EA3331

Sensor temperature too low!
* Check process and application

EC4331

*Sensor could not be calibrated,
sensor blocked for measurement*
Cause: instable signal
* Check polarization time and temperature adjustment
* Check calibration conditions
* Read calibration history
* Repeat calibration, if unsuccessful: service the sensor (see operating manual)

EC5331

*Sensor could not be calibrated,
sensor blocked for measurement*
Cause: slope error
* Check polarization time and temperature adjustment
* Check calibration conditions
* Read calibration history
* Repeat calibration, if unsuccessful: service the sensor (see operating manual)

Message code	Message text
EI1331	<p><i>Operational voltage too low</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">* <i>Check installation and cable lengths, Follow installation instructions</i>* <i>Power unit(s) overloaded, add power unit(s)</i>* <i>Check terminal and module connections</i>* <i>Defective components, replace components</i>
EI2331	<p><i>Operational voltage too low, no operation possible</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">* <i>Check installation and cable lengths, Follow installation instructions</i>* <i>Power unit(s) overloaded, add power unit(s)</i>* <i>Check terminal and module connections</i>* <i>Defective components, replace components</i>
ES1331	<p><i>Component hardware defective</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">* <i>Contact service</i>
ESB331	<p><i>SensReg: Electrolyte supply is depleted</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">* <i>Change electrolyte solution and membrane head immediately (see operating manual)</i>
ESC331	<p><i>SensLeck: Membrane head damaged</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">* <i>Change electrolyte solution and membrane head immediately (see operating manual)</i>
<p>Note: This piece of information is transmitted with the TriOxmatic® 700 IQ only.</p>	

9.1.2 Info messages

Message code	Message text
IC1331	<p><i>Sensor has been successfully calibrated</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">* <i>For calibration data, see calibration history</i>
IC4331	<p><i>Last valid calibration has been activated. Make sure the sensor operates correctly.</i></p>
II1331	<p><i>Language not available, Default language German</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">* <i>Contact service</i>

9.2 Status info

The status info is a coded piece of information on the current status of a sensor. Each sensor sends this status info to the controller. The status info of sensors consists of 32 bits, each of which can have the value 0 or 1.

Status info, general structure

	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	
1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(general)	
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		(internal)
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31		

The bits 0 - 15 are reserved for general information.
The bits 16 - 21 are reserved for internal service information.

You obtain the status info:

- via a manual query in the *Einstellungen/Settings/Service>List of all components* menu (see system operating manual)
- via an automated query
 - from a superordinate process control (e. g. when connected to the Profibus)
 - from the IQ Data Server (see IQ SENSOR NET Software Pack operating manual)

Note

The evaluation of the status info, e.g. in the case of an automated query, has to be made individually for each bit.

TriOxmatic® 700 IQ (SW)



Status bit	Explanation
Bit 0	<i>Component hardware defective</i>
Bit 1	<i>SensReg: Electrolyte supply is depleted</i>
Bit 2 *	<i>SensLeck: Membrane head damaged</i>
Bit 3-31	-

* Note:

This piece of information is transmitted with the TriOxmatic® 700 IQ only.



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